



#### MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY

To the Ratepayers of

Rural Municipal of McCraney No. 282:

Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the accompanying financial statements, including responsibility for significant accounting judgments and estimates in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards. The preparation of the statements necessarily includes selecting appropriate accounting principles and methods, and making decisions affecting the measurement of transactions in which objective judgments and estimates by management is required.

In discharging its responsibilities for the integrity and fair presentation of the financial statements, management designs and maintains the necessary accounting, budget and other related internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that transactions are appropriately authorized and accurately recorded, that assets are properly accounted for and safeguarded, and that financial records are properly maintained to provide reliable information for the preparation of the financial statements.

The Council is composed of elected officials who are not employees of the Municipality. The Council is responsible for overseeing management in the performance of its financial reporting responsibilities. The Council fulfils these responsibilities by reviewing the financial information prepared by the administration and discussing relevant matters with external auditors. The Council is also responsible for recommending the appointment of the Municipality's external auditors.

Jensen Stromberg Chartered Professional Accountants, an independent firm of Chartered Professional Accountants, is appointed by the Council to audit the financial statements and report directly to them; their report follows. The external auditors have full and free access to, and meet periodically and separately with, both the Council and administration to discuss their audit findings.

Reeve

Administrator





Bill Jensen, CPA, CA\*
Tyler Olafson, CPA, CA\*
Jared Udchic, CPA\*
Dylan Peace, CPA\*

\*denotes professional corporation

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Reeve and Council of the Rural Municipal of McCraney No. 282

Report on the Financial Statements

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Rural Municipal of McCraney No. 282, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2023 and the statements of financial activities, changes in net financial assets, changes in financial position, and remeasurement gains and losses for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matters described in the *Basis for Qualified Opinion* section of our report, the accompanying financial statements, present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Rural Municipality as at **December 31, 2023** and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

Under Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards, the Rural Municipality was required to adopt a new accounting standard, PS 3280 - Asset Retirement Obligations. This new accounting standard required the Rural Municipality to record present liabilities for future expenditures with respect to legal obligations associated with the retirement of tangible capital assets. The Rural Municipality was unable to obtain and provide sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the completeness and valuation of these potential liabilities and the required disclosures. Consequently, we were unable to determine whether any adjustments were necessary to the presented amount of liabilities, accumulated surplus (deficit), expenditures, or surplus (deficit) of revenues over expenditures.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Rural Municipality in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Rural Municipality's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and the use of the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Rural Municipality or cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Rural Municipality's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
  Rural Municipality's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Rural Municipality's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements, or if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Rural Municipality to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Saskatoon, Saskatchewan June 12, 2024

Chartered Professional Accountants

Gensen Stromberg



### **Statement 1**

### STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

# **December 31, 2023**

with comparative figures for 2022

	<u>ASSETS</u>		<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Financial assets: Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2) Investments (Note 3) Taxes receivable - Municipal (Note 4) Other accounts receivable (Note 5) Assets held for sale		\$	1,046,744 402,393 82,940 69,401	917,850 813,685 102,109 11,007
Long-term receivables (Note 6) Debt charges recoverable Other		_	51,515 - -	48,244 - 
Total financial assets	<u>LIABILITIES</u>		1,652,993	1,892,895
Bank indebtedness (Note 7) Accounts payable			11,486	1,876
Accrued liabilities payable Deposits Deferred revenue			- 6,400 -	3,100
Asset retirement obligations Liability for contaminated sites Other liabilities			- - -	- - -
Long-term debt (Note 8) Lease obligations		_	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total liabilities		_	17,886	4,976
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS (DEBT)			1,635,107	1,887,919
Non-financial assets: Tangible capital assets (Schedule 6, 7) Prepaid and deferred charges Stock and supplies		_	2,052,560 200 140,354	1,785,389 200 105,792
Total non-financial assets		_	2,193,114	1,891,381
Accumulated surplus (deficit)		\$_	3,828,221	3,779,300
Accumulated surplus (deficit) is comprised of: Accumulated surplus (deficit) excluding rem (Schedule 8) Accumulated remeasurement gains (losses) (	,		3,828,221	3,779,300
APPROVED ON BEHALF OF COUNCIL:				
Reeve				
Councillor				



**Statement 2** 

### STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

# Year ended December 31, 2023

with comparative figures for 2022

			2023 Budget	<u>2023</u> <u>Actual</u>	<u>2022</u> <u>Actual</u>
Revenues:					
Tax revenue	(Schedule 1)	\$	1,074,585	1,061,862	992,409
Other unconditional revenue	(Schedule 1)		260,071	260,061	228,390
Fees and charges	(Schedule 4, 5)		27,080	35,519	24,993
Conditional grants	(Schedule 4, 5)		33,188	33,005	62,176
Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss)	(Schedule 4, 5)		-	(46,906)	-
Land sales - gain (loss)	(Schedule 4, 5)		475	332	-
Investment income (Note 3)	(Schedule 4, 5)		40,650	28,876	7,034
Commissions	(Schedule 4, 5)		1,000	1,044	989
Restructurings	(Schedule 4, 5)		-	-	-
Other revenues	(Schedule 4, 5)		-	-	-
Provincial/Federal capital grants and contributions	(Schedule 4, 5)	_	20,894	10,943	9,579
Total Revenues			1,457,943	1,384,736	1,325,570
Expenditures:					
General government services	(Schedule 3)		159,426	153,211	159,971
Protective services	(Schedule 3)		25,005	23,774	24,044
Transportation services	(Schedule 3)		1,147,300	1,129,939	887,236
Environmental and public health services	(Schedule 3)		19,400	14,586	18,069
Planning and development services	(Schedule 3)		-	-	-
Recreation and cultural services	(Schedule 3)		10,850	10,521	10,127
Utility services	(Schedule 3)		7,400	3,784	5,853
Restructurings	(Schedule 3)	_			
Total Expenditures		_	1,369,381	1,335,815	1,105,300
Surplus (deficit) of revenues over expenditures			88,562	48,921	220,270
Accumulated surplus (deficit) excluding remeasuremen beginning of year	t gains (losses),	_	3,779,300	3,779,300	3,559,030
Accumulated surplus (deficit) excluding remeasurement end of year	t gains (losses),	\$_	3,867,862	3,828,221	3,779,300



### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS

# Year ended December 31, 2023

with comparative figures for 2022

		<u>2023</u> <u>Budget</u>	2023 Actual	<u>2022</u> <u>Actual</u>
Surplus (deficit)	\$	88,562	48,921	220,270
(Acquisition) of tangible capital assets Amortization of tangible capital assets Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets Loss (gain) on disposal of tangible capital assets Transfer of assets/liabilities in restructuring transactions	_	- 161,325 - - -	(661,786) 132,528 215,180 46,906	(45,174) 160,672 - - -
Surplus (deficit) of capital expenses over expenditures		161,325	(267,172)	115,498
(Acquisition) of supplies inventories (Acquisition) of prepaid expenses Consumption of supplies inventories Use of prepaid expenses		- - - -	(34,561)	(12,235) - 86,423
Surplus (deficit) of expenses of other non-financial over expenditures		<u>-</u>	(34,561)	74,188
Unrealized remeasurement gains (losses)	_			
Increase (decrease) in Net Financial Assets		249,887	(252,812)	409,956
Net Financial Assets (Debt) - Beginning of the year	_	1,887,919	1,887,919	1,477,963
Net Financial Assets (Debt) - End of year	\$	2,137,806	1,635,107	1,887,919



### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FINANCIAL POSITION

# Year ended December 31, 2023

with comparative figures for 2022

Cash provided by (used in) the following activities:		<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Operating:			
Surplus (deficit)	\$	48,921	220,270
Amortization		132,528	160,672
Loss (gain) on disposal of tangible capital assets	_	46,906	
		228,355	380,942
Change in assets/liabilities			
Taxes receivable - Municipal		19,169	13,452
Other accounts receivable		(58,393)	(1,404)
Assets held for sale		-	-
Other financial assets		-	-
Accounts and accrued liabilities payable		9,609	(810)
Deposits		3,300	3,100
Deferred revenue		-	-
Asset retirement obligations		-	-
Liability for contaminated sites		-	-
Other liabilities		- (24.5(1)	- 74 100
Stock and supplies		(34,561)	74,188
Prepayments and deferred charges		-	-
Other	-	<del>-</del>	
Net cash from operations	_	167,479	469,468
Capital:			
Cash used to acquire tangible capital assets		(661,785)	(45,174)
Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets		215,180	=
Other capital	_	<u>-</u>	
Net cash used for capital	_	(446,605)	(45,174)
Investing:			
Decrease (increase) in restricted cash		_	-
Proceeds on disposal of investments		_	-
Decrease (increase) in investments	_	408,020	(802,510)
Net cash from (used for) investing	_	408,020	(802,510)
Einonoine activities			
Financing activities:  Debt charges recovered			
Long-term debt issued		-	-
Long-term debt issued  Long-term debt repaid		-	<u>-</u>
Other financing		-	- -
Net cash from financing	_	-	-
Change in cash and cash equivalents during the year		128,894	(378,216)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		917,850	1,296,066
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year (Note 2)	\$	1,046,744	917,850
Cash and Cash equivalents, end of year (1000 2)	Ψ_	1,070,/77	717,000



**Statement 5** 

### STATEMENT OF REMEASUREMENT GAINS AND LOSSES

# Year ended December 31, 2023

with comparative figures for 2022

	<u>2023</u> <u>Actual</u>	<u>2022</u> <u>Actual</u>
Accumulated remeasurement gains (losses), beginning of year	\$	
Unrealized gains (losses)		
Derivatives	-	-
Equity investments measured at fair value	-	-
Foreign exchange		
Reclassified to the Statement of Financial Activities		
Derivatives	-	-
Equity investments measured at fair value	-	-
Foreign exchange		
Net remeasurement gains (losses)		
Accumulated remeasurement gains (losses), end of year	\$	



#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**December 31, 2023** 

#### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Municipality are prepared by management in accordance with the local government accounting standards established by the Public Sector Accounting Board. Significant aspects of the accounting policies are as follows:

### (a) Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues as they become available and measurable; expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable as a result of the receipt of goods and services and the creation of a legal obligation to pay.

#### (b) Reporting Entity

The financial statements consolidate the assets, liabilities and flow of resources of the Municipality. The entity is comprised of all organizations owned or controlled by the Municipality and are, therefore, accountable to the Council for the administration of their financial affairs and resources.

#### **Partnerships**

A partnership represents a contractual arrangement between the Municipality and a party or parties outside the reporting entity. The partners have significant, clearly defined common goals, make a financial investment in the partnership, share control of decision making, and share, on an equitable basis, the significant risks and benefits associated with the operations of the partnership.

#### (c) Collection of Funds for Other Authorities

Collection of funds by the Municipality for the school board, municipal hail and conservation and development authorities are collected and remitted in accordance with the relevant legislation. The amounts collected are disclosed in Note 4.

#### (d) Government Transfers

Government transfers are the transfer of assets from senior levels of government that are not the result of an exchange transaction, are not expected to be repaid in the future, or the result of a direct financial return. Government transfers are recognized as either expenditures or revenues in the period that the events giving rise to the transfer occurred, as long as:

- a) the transfer is authorized;
- b) eligibility criteria have been met by the recipient; and
- c) a reasonable estimate of the amount can be made

Unearned government transfer amounts received but not earned will be recorded as deferred revenue. Earned government transfer amounts not received will be recorded as an amount receivable.

#### (e) Other (Non-Government Transfer) Contributions

Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year received or in the year the funds are committed to the Municipality if the amount can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Externally restricted contributions are deferred until the resources are used for the purpose specified, at which time the contributions are recognized as revenue. In-kind contributions are recorded at their fair value when they are received.

#### (f) Deferred Revenue - Fees and Charges

Certain user charges and fees are collected for which the related services have yet to be performed. Revenue is recognized in the period when the related expenses are incurred or services performed.

#### (g) Local Improvement Charges

Local improvement projects financed by frontage taxes recognize any prepayment charges as revenue in the period assessed.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**December 31, 2023** 

### 1. **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

#### (h) Net Financial Assets

Net financial assets at the end of an accounting period are the net amount of financial assets less liabilities outstanding. Financial assets represent items such as cash and those other assets on hand which could provide resources to discharge existing liabilities or finance future operations. These include realizable assets which are convertible to cash and not intended for consumption in the normal course of operations.

#### (i) Non-Financial Assets

Tangible capital and other non-financial assets are accounted for as assets by the government because they can be used to provide government services in future periods. These assets do not normally provide resources to discharge the liabilities of the government unless they are sold.

#### (j) Appropriated Reserves

Reserves are established at the discretion of Council to designate surplus for future operating and capital transactions. Amounts designated are described on Schedule 8.

#### (k) Property Tax Revenue

Property tax revenue is based on assessments determined in accordance with Saskatchewan Legislation and the formulas, principles, and rules in the Saskatchewan Assessment Manual. Tax mill rates are established annually by Council following the guidance of the Government of Saskatchewan. Tax revenues are recognized when the tax has been authorized by bylaw and the taxable event has occurred. Requisitions operate as a flow through and are excluded from municipal revenue.

### (l) Financial Instruments

Derivative and equity instruments that are quoted in an active market are carried at fair value. All other financial instruments are measured at cost or amortized cost. Financial assets measured at amortized cost are recognized initially net of transaction costs with interest income recognized using the effective interest rate method. Impairment losses are recognized in the statement of financial activities when there is an other than temporary decline in value.

Interest and dividends attributable to financial instruments are reported in the statement of financial activities. Unrealized gains and losses are recognized in the statement of remeasurement gains and losses. When the investment is disposed of the accumulated gains or losses are reclassified to the statement of financial activities.

**Long-term debt:** Long-term debt is initially recognized net of premiums, discounts, and transaction costs and is measured at amortized cost with interest expense recognized using the effective interest rate method.

**Long-term receivables:** Receivables with terms longer than one year have been classified as other long-term receivables.

#### **Measurement of Financial Instruments:**

The Municipality's financial assets and liabilities are measured as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents

Cost and amortized cost

Investments Fair value and cost/amortized cost

Other accounts receivable Cost and amortized cost

Long-term receivables Amortized cost
Debt charges recoverable Amortized cost
Bank indebtedness Amortized cost

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Cost
Deposit liabilities Cost

Long-term debt Amortized cost



#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**December 31, 2023** 

#### 1. **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

### (m) Inventories

Inventories of materials and supplies expected to be used by the Municipality are valued at the lower of cost or replacement cost. Inventories of land, materials and supplies held for resale are valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost is determined by the average cost method. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price of the inventory in the ordinary course of business.

#### (n) Tangible Capital Assets

All tangible capital asset acquisitions or betterments made throughout the year are recorded at their acquisition cost. Initial costs for tangible capital assets that were acquired and developed prior to 2009 were obtained via historical cost information or using current fair market values discounted by a relevant inflation factor back to the point of acquisition. Donated tangible capital assets received are recorded at their fair market value at the date of the contribution. The tangible capital assets that are recognized at a nominal value are disclosed on Schedule 6. The costs of these tangible capital assets less any residual value are amortized over the asset's useful life using the straight-line method of amortization. The Municipality's tangible capital asset useful lives are estimated as follows:

Asset	<u>Useful Life</u>
General Assets	
Land	Indefinite
Land improvements	5 to 25 years
Buildings	10 to 50 years
Vehicles and equipment	•
Vehicles	5 to 10 years
Machinery & Equipment	5 to 10 years
Infrastructure Assets	
Infrastructure assets	30 to 75 Years

**Government contributions:** Government contributions for the acquisition of capital assets are reported as capital revenue and do not reduce the cost of the related asset.

Works of art and other unrecognized assets: Assets that have a historical or cultural significance, which include works of art, monuments and other cultural artifacts are not recognized as tangible capital assets because a reasonable estimate of future benefits associated with this property cannot be made.

**Capitalization of interest:** The Municipality does not capitalize interest incurred while a tangible capital asset is under construction.

Leases: All leases are recorded on the financial statements as either a capital or operating lease. Any lease that transfers the majority of benefits and risk associated with the leased asset is classified as a capital lease. At the inception of a capital lease, an asset and a payment obligation are recorded at an amount equal to the lesser of the present value of the minimum lease payments and the asset's fair market value. Assets under capital leases are amortized on a straight line basis, over their estimated useful lives (lease term). Any other lease not meeting the before-mentioned criteria is classified as an operating lease and rental payments are expensed as incurred.



#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**December 31, 2023** 

#### 1. **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

### (o) Asset Retirement Obligations

Asset retirement obligations represent the legal obligations associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset that results from its acquisition, construction, development, or normal use. The tangible capital assets include but are not limited to assets in productive use, assets no longer in productive use, and leased tangible capital assets.

The liability associated with an asset retirement obligation is measured with reference to the best estimate of the amount required to ultimately remediate the liability at the financial statement date to the extent that all recognition criteria are met. Asset retirement obligations are only recognized when there is a legal obligation for the Municipality to incur costs in relation to a specific tangible capital asset, when the past transaction or event causing the liability has already occurred, when economic benefits will need to be given up in order to remediate the liability and when a reasonable estimate of such amount can be made. The best estimate of the liability includes all costs directly attributable to the remediation of the asset retirement obligation, based on the most reliable information that is available as at the applicable reporting date. Where cash flows are expected over future periods, the liability is recognized using the present value method.

When a liability for an asset retirement obligation is initially recognized, a corresponding adjustment to the related tangible capital asset is also recognized. Through the passage of time in subsequent reporting periods, the carrying value of the liability is adjusted to reflect accretion expenses incurred in the current period. This expense ensures that the time value of money is considered when recognizing outstanding liabilities at each reporting date. The capitalized asset retirement cost within tangible capital assets is also simultaneously depreciated on the same basis as the underlying asset to which it relates.

At remediation, the Municipality derecognizes the liability that was established. In some circumstances, gains or losses may be incurred upon settlement related to the ongoing measurement of the liability and corresponding estimates that were made and are recognized in the statement of financial activities.

#### (p) Liability for Contaminated Sites

Contaminated sites are a result of contamination being introduced into air, soil, water or sediment of a chemical, organic or radioactive material or live organism that exceeds an environmental standard. The liability is recorded net of any expected recoveries. A liability for remediation of contaminated sites is recognized when all the following criteria are met:

- a) an environmental standard exists;
- b) contamination exceeds the environmental standard;
- c) the Municipality:
  - i. is directly responsible; or
  - ii. accepts responsibility;
- d) it is expected that future economic benefits will be given up; and
- e) a reasonable estimate of the amount can be made.

The Municipality does not have any contaminated sites.

#### (q) Employee Benefit Plans

Contributions to the Municipality's defined benefit plans are expensed when contributions are made. Under the defined benefit plan, the Municipality's obligations are limited to its contributions.



#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**December 31, 2023** 

### 1. **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

#### (r) Measurement Uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures during the period.

Measurement uncertainty impacts the following financial statement areas:

- a) Accounts receivable are stated after evaluation as to their collectability and an appropriate allowance for doubtful accounts is provided where considered necessary.
- b) The measurement of materials and supplies are based on estimates of volume and quality.
- c) The 'Opening asset costs' of tangible capital assets have been estimated where actual costs were not available.
- d) Amortization is based on the estimated useful lives of tangible capital assets.
- e) The liability associated with asset retirement obligations are measured with reference to the best estimate of the amount required to ultimately remediate the liability at the financial statement date, the discount rate, and inflation.
- f) Measurement of financial instruments at fair value and recognition and measurement of impairment of financial instruments requires the use of significant management estimates.

These estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically and as adjustments become necessary, they are reported in earnings in the period in which they become known.

#### (s) Basis of Segmentation/Segment Report

The Municipality follows the Public Sector Accounting Board's recommendations requiring financial information to be provided on a segmented basis. Municipal services have been segmented by grouping activities that have similar service objectives (by function). Revenues that are directly related to the costs of the function have been attributed to each segment. Interest is allocated to functions based on the purpose of specific borrowing.

These segments (functions) are as follows:

**General Government:** The general government segment provides for the administration of the Municipality.

**Protective Services:** Protective services is comprised of expenses for police and fire protection.

**Transportation Services:** The transportation services segment is responsible for the delivery of public works services related to the development and maintenance of roadway systems and street lighting.

**Environmental and Public Health:** The environmental segment provides waste disposal and other environmental services. The public health segment provides for expenses related to public health services in the Municipality.

**Planning and Development:** The planning and development segment provides for neighbourhood development and sustainability.

**Recreation and Culture:** The recreation and culture segment provides for community services through the provision of recreation and leisure services.

**Utility Services:** The utility services segment provides for the delivery of water, collecting and treating of wastewater and providing collection and disposal of solid waste.



#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**December 31, 2023** 

### 1. **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

#### (t) Assets Held for Sale

The Municipality records assets held for sale when the Municipality is committed to selling the asset, the asset is in a condition to be sold, the asset is publicly seen to be for sale, there is an active market for the asset, there is a plan in place for selling the asset, and the sale is reasonable anticipated to be completed within one year of the financial statement date.

#### (u) Budget Information

Budget information is presented on a basis consistent with that used for actual results. The budget was approved by Council on May 4, 2023.

#### (v) Loan Guarantees

Loan guarantees provided by the Municipality for various organizations are not consolidated as part of the Municipality's financial statements. As the guarantees represent potential financial commitments for the Municipality, these amounts are considered contingent liabilities and are not formally recognized as liabilities until the Municipality considers it likely for the borrower to default on its obligation and the amount of the liability can be estimated. The Municipality monitors the status of the organizations annually and in the event that payment by the Municipality is likely to occur, a provision will be recognized in the financial statements.

# (w) New Standards and Amendments to Standards: effective for fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2023

**PS 3160, Public Private Partnerships**, a new standard establishing guidance on how to account for and report on partnerships between public and private sector entities. Specifically those in which the entity in the public sector procures infrastructure in conjunction with a private sector entity. In these scenarios the private sector entity must have obligations to design, build, acquire or improve existing infrastructure. Furthermore they must also finance the transaction past the point in which the asset is initially ready for use along with operating and/or maintaining such on an ongoing basis. The standard applies to fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2023.

**PS 3400, Revenue**, a new standard establishing guidance on how to account for and report on revenue. The standard provides a framework for recognizing, measuring and reporting revenues that arise from transactions that include performance obligations and transactions that do not have performance obligations. Performance obligations are enforceable promises to provide specific goods or services to a specific payer. The standard is mandatory for fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2023. Earlier adoption is permitted. The standard may be adopted retroactively or prospectively.

**PSG-8, Purchased Intangibles**, provides guidance on accounting for and reporting on purchased intangibles. It provides clarity on the recognition criteria, along with instances of assets that would not meet the definition of such. The standard may be adopted retroactively or prospectively.



#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**December 31, 2023** 

#### 1. **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

#### (x) New Accounting Policies Adopted During the Year

**PS 3450 Financial Instruments**, a new standard establishing guidance on the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of financial instruments, including derivatives. The standard requires fair value measurement of derivatives and equity instruments that are quoted in an active market; all other financial instruments can be measured at cost/amortized cost or fair value at the election of the government. Unrealized gains and losses are presented in a new statement of remeasurement gains and losses. There is the requirement to disclose the nature and extent of risks arising from financial instruments and clarification is given for the de-recognition of financial liabilities.

**PS 3280 Asset Retirement Obligations**, a new standard establishing guidance on the accounting and reporting of legal obligations associated with the retirement of tangible capital assets controlled by a government or government organization. A liability for a retirement obligation can apply to tangible capital assets either in productive use or no longer in productive use. As this standard includes solid waste landfill sites active and post-closing obligations, upon adoption of this new standard, existing Solid Waste Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Liability section PS 3270 will be withdrawn.

#### 2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

		<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	
Cash	\$	635,533	917,850	
Short-term investments		411,211	-	
Restricted cash	_	<u> </u>		
	\$	1,046,744	917,850	

Cash and temporary investments includes balances with banks, less outstanding cheques and plus outstanding deposits, and short-term investments with maturities of three months or less. Cash subject to restrictions that prevent its use for other then specific current purposes is included in restricted cash.

Short-term investments consists of term deposit bearing interest at 3.00%, maturing January 2024.



# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# **December 31, 2023**

# 3. <u>INVESTMENTS</u>

	<u>20</u>	<u>023</u>	<u>2022</u>	
Investments carried at fair value:				
Equity investments quoted in an active market	\$	-	-	
Portfolio investments		-	-	
Investments carried at amortized cost:				
Term notes and deposits		402,393	813,6	585
Government/government guaranteed bonds				
Total investments	\$	402,393	813,6	<u> 585</u>

Term notes and deposits have effective interest rates of 3.00% to 5.40% (2022 - 2.25%) with maturity dates in November 2024.

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Investment income:		
Interest	\$ 28,876	7,034
Dividends	-	-
Realized gains (losses) previously recognized in the statement		
of remeasurement	-	-
Realized gains (losses) on disposal	-	-
Impairment charges	-	-
Net settlement on derivative financial instruments	-	-
Income from portfolio investments	 	
	\$ 28,876	7,034



### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**December 31, 2023** 

### 4. TAXES AND GRANTS IN LIEU RECEIVABLE

			<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
	Municipal:	- Arrears	\$  79,537 23,403 102,940	86,181 35,928 122,109
	T . 1	Less: allowance for uncollectibles	 (20,000)	(20,000)
	I otal muni	cipal taxes receivable	 82,940	102,109
	School:	- Current - Arrears	 <u>-</u>	
	Total taxes	to be collected on behalf of School Divisions	 	
	Other:	- Current - Arrears	 - -	- -
	Total other	collections receivable	 	
		and grants in lieu receivable or to be collected on fother organizations	82,940	102,109
	Deduct tax organiza	es receivable to be collected on behalf of other tions	 	
	Total taxes	receivable - Municipal	\$ 82,940	102,109
5.	OTHER A	CCOUNTS RECEIVABLE		
			<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
	Federal gove Provincial a Local gove Utility Trade Other	government	\$ 53,707 9,089 - - 6,605	10,869 - - - 138
		accounts receivable vance for uncollectibles	 69,401	11,007
	Net other a	ccounts receivable	\$ 69,401	11,007
6.	LONG-TE	CRM INVESTMENTS		
			<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
	Sask. Asso	c. of Rural Municipalities - Self-insurance fund	\$ 51,515	48,244

# 7. BANK INDEBTEDNESS

### **Credit Arrangements**

At December 31, 2023, the Municipality had a line of credit totaling \$500,000, none of which was drawn.



#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**December 31, 2023** 

### 8. LONG-TERM DEBT

The authorized debt limit for the Municipality is \$998,395. The authorized debt limit for a Municipality is the total amount of the Municipality's own source revenues for the preceding year (the *Municipalities Act* section 161(1)). The incremental debt above the debt limit authorized in the Municipalities Act is approved by the Saskatchewan Municipal Board.

#### 9. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Municipality is contingently liable under terms of the Saskatchewan Association of Rural Municipalities Self-Insurance Plan for its proportionate share of claims and future claims in excess of the Plan's reserve fund.

#### 10.PENSION PLAN

The Municipality is an employer member of the Municipal Employee Pension Plan (MEPP), which is a multiemployer defined benefit pension plan. The Commission of MEPP, representing plan member employers, is responsible for overseeing the management of the pension plan, including investment of assets and administration of benefits. The Municipality's pension expense in 2023 was \$26,365 (2022 - \$23,635). The benefits accrued to the Municipality's employees from MEPP are calculated using the following: pensionable years of service, highest average salary, and the plan accrual rate.

Total current service contributions by the Municipality to MEPP in 2023 were \$26,365 (2022 - \$23,635). Total current service contributions by the employees of the Municipality to MEPP in 2023 were \$26,365 (2022 - \$23,635).

Based on the latest information available (December 31, 2022 Audited Financial Statements) the Municipal Employees Pension Plan had a surplus in the net assets available for benefits of \$1,021,301,000. This is based on the most recent actuarial valuation, completed December 31, 2021. The Rural Municipality's portion of this is not readily determinable.

#### 11.COMPARATIVE FIGURES

The prior year's comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current year's method of presentation. Surplus of revenues over expenditures was not affected.



#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**December 31, 2023** 

#### 12.RISK MANAGEMENT

Through its financial assets and liabilities, the Municipality is exposed to various risks.

#### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge their responsibilities with respect to the financial instrument, and in doing so, cause a loss for the other party. The Municipality is mainly exposed to credit risk with respect to its cash and taxes and other accounts receivable. It is management's opinion that the Municipality is not exposed to significant credit risk as its cash is held by financial institutions with high credit ratings, and a significant portion of its taxes and other accounts receivable can be collected through tax enforcement procedures.

#### Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Municipality will encounter difficulty in meeting financial obligations as they fall due. The Municipality undertakes regular cash flow analyses to ensure that there are sufficient cash resources to meet all obligations. The Municipality is mainly exposed to liquidity risk with respect to its accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

#### Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk, and other price risk.

- Interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The Municipality is not subject to any significant interest rate risk.
- Currency risk is the risk that the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in currency fluctuations. The Municipality is not subject to any significant currency rate risk.
- Other price risk is the risk that the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in the fair value of equity investments. The Municipality is not subject to any significant other price risk.



# SCHEDULE OF TAXES AND OTHER UNCONDITIONAL REVENUES

### Year ended December 31, 2023

with comparative figures for 2022

		2023 Budget	<u>2023</u> <u>Actual</u>	<u>2022</u> <u>Actual</u>
TAXES				
General municipal tax levy	\$	1,092,585	1,092,585	1,020,423
Abatements and adjustments		-	-	-
Discount on current year taxes	_	(30,000)	(40,133)	(37,530)
Net municipal taxes		1,062,585	1,052,452	982,893
Potash tax share		-	-	-
Trailer license fees		-	-	-
Penalties on tax arrears		12,000	9,410	9,516
Special tax levy		-	-	-
Other	_			
Total Taxes	_	1,074,585	1,061,862	992,409
UNCONDITIONAL GRANTS				
Revenue sharing		258,471	258,489	226,920
Organized Hamlet		-	-	-
Other	_			
Total Unconditional Grants	_	<u>258,471</u>	258,489	226,920
GRANTS IN LIEU OF TAXES				
Federal		200	180	168
Provincial				
S.P.C. Electrical		-	-	-
Sask. Energy Gas		-	-	-
TransGas		-	-	-
Central Services		-	-	-
Sasktel		1,400	1,392	1,302
Other		-	-	-
Local/Other				
Housing Authority		-	-	-
C.P.R. Mainline		-	-	-
Treaty Land Entitlement		-	-	-
Other		-	-	-
Other Government Transfers				
S.P.C. Surcharge		-	-	-
Sask Energy Surcharge Other		-	-	-
Total Grants in Lieu of Taxes	_	1,600	1,572	1,470
Total Grants in Lieu of Taxes	_	1,000	1,3/2	1,4/0
TOTAL TAXES AND OTHER UNCONDITIONAL REVENUE	\$	1,334,656	1,321,923	1,220,799
REVERUE	Ψ	1,337,030	1,341,343	1,440,199



# SCHEDULE OF OPERATING AND CAPITAL REVENUE BY FUNCTION

### Year ended December 31, 2023

with comparative figures for 2022

with comparative figur	es for 2022		
	<u>2023</u> <u>Budget</u>	<u>2023</u> <u>Actual</u>	<u>2022</u> <u>Actual</u>
GENERAL GOVERNMENT SERVICES Operating			
Other Segmented Revenue			
Fees and Charges			
Custom work	\$ 580	760	1,246
Sales of supplies	4,100	4,697	6,793
Other	4.600		- 0.020
Total Fees and Charges	4,680	5,457	8,039
Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss)	-	-	-
Land sales - gain (loss)	475	332	7.024
Investment income Commissions	40,650 1,000	28,876 1,044	7,034 989
Other	1,000	-	-
Total other segmented revenue	46,805	35,709	16,062
Conditional Grants		20,100	10,002
Student employment	-	_	_
Other	_	-	_
Total Conditional Grants		-	-
Total Operating	46,805	35,709	16,062
Capital			
Conditional Grants			
Canada Community-Building Fund (CCBF)	20,894	10,943	9,579
Provincial Disaster Assistance	-	-	<b>-</b>
Other			
Total Capital	20,894	10,943	9,579
Restructuring Revenue	<u> </u>		
<b>Total General Government Services</b>	67,699	46,652	25,641
PROTECTIVE SERVICES			
Operating			
Other Segmented Revenue			
Fees and Charges			
Other			
Total Fees and Charges	-	-	-
Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss)	-	-	-
Other			
Total other segmented revenue			
Conditional Grants			
Student employment Local government	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Total Conditional Grants	<del></del> -		
Total Operating			
			<del></del>
Capital Conditional Grants			
Conditional Grants Canada Community-Building Fund (CCBF)	_	_	_
Provincial Disaster Assistance	- -	-	-
Local government	- -	-	- -
Other	-	-	-
Total Capital			
Restructuring Revenue			
Total Protective Services			
Total Total For Ties	<del></del>		



# SCHEDULE OF OPERATING AND CAPITAL REVENUE BY FUNCTION

### Year ended December 31, 2023

with comparative figures for 2022

with comparative figures in	2023 Budget	<u>2023</u> Actual	<u>2022</u> Actual
TRANSPORTATION SERVICES Operating	<u> </u>	<u>- 1444444</u>	1100000
Other Segmented Revenue			
Fees and Charges			
Custom work	\$ 6,800	14,250	5,081
Sale of gravel and supplies	500	1,829	-
Road Maintenance and Restoration Agreements Other	15,000	13,983	11,873
Total Fees and Charges	22,300	30,062	16,954
Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss) Other	-	(46,906)	-
Total other segmented revenue	22,300	(16,844)	16,954
Conditional Grants		(10,011)	10,751
Primary Weight Corridor (CTP)	29,110	29,110	58,220
Student employment	-	-	-
Other			
Total Conditional Grants	29,110	29,110	58,220
Total Operating	51,410	12,266	75,174
Capital			
Conditional Grants			
Canada Community-Building Fund (CCBF)	-	-	-
MREP (Heavy Haul, CTP, Municipal Bridges)	-	-	-
Provincial Disaster Assistance Other	-	-	-
Total Capital	<del>-</del>	<del></del>	<u> </u>
-	<del></del>		<u>-</u>
Restructuring Revenue	<del></del>		<del>-</del>
Total Transportation Services	51,410	12,266	75,174
ENVIRONMENTAL AND PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICES Operating			
Other Segmented Revenue			
Fees and Charges			
Waste and Disposal Fees	-	-	-
Other			
Total Fees and Charges	-	-	-
Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss) Other	- -	-	-
Total other segmented revenue			-
Conditional Grants			
Student employment	-	-	-
TAPD	-	-	-
Local government	-	-	-
Other (Provincial Rat & Beaver Program)	4,078	3,895	3,956
Total Conditional Grants	4,078	3,895	3,956
Total Operating	4,078	3,895	3,956
Capital			
Conditional Grants			
Canada Community-Building Fund (CCBF) TAPD	-	-	-
Provincial Disaster Assistance	-	-	-
Other	- -	_	_
Total Capital			-
Restructuring Revenue			_
Total Environmental and Public Health Services Services	4,078	3,895	3,956
	1,070	2,072	5,550



# SCHEDULE OF OPERATING AND CAPITAL REVENUE BY FUNCTION

### Year ended December 31, 2023

with comparative figures for 2022

with comparative figures for	2022		
	<u>2023</u> <u>Budget</u>	<u>2023</u> <u>Actual</u>	<u>2022</u> <u>Actual</u>
PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT SERVICES			
Operating			
Other Segmented Revenue Fees and Charges			
Maintenance and Development Charges	\$ 100	-	-
Other			
Total Fees and Charges	100	-	-
Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss) Other	-	-	-
Total other segmented revenue	100	<del></del>	
Conditional Grants	100		
Student employment	-	-	-
Other			
Total Conditional Grants			
Total Operating	100		
Capital			
Conditional Grants			
Canada Community-Building Fund (CCBF) Provincial Disaster Assistance	-	-	-
Other	- -	-	- -
Total Capital	-	-	
Restructuring Revenue	-	_	-
Total Planning and Development Services	100		
RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES Operating Other Segmented Revenue			
Fees and Charges Other			
Total Fees and Charges	<del></del>	<del></del>	<del></del>
Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss)	_	_	_
Other			
Total other segmented revenue		_	
Conditional Grants			
Student Employment	-	-	-
Local government Donations	-	-	-
Other	- -	-	-
Total Conditional Grants	-	-	
Total Operating			
Capital			
Conditional Grants Canada Community-Building Fund (CCBF)	_	_	_
Local government	-	-	-
Provincial Disaster Assistance	-	-	-
Other			
Total Capital			
Restructuring Revenue			
Total Recreation and Cultural Services	<del></del>	<u> </u>	

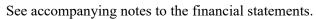


# SCHEDULE OF OPERATING AND CAPITAL REVENUE BY FUNCTION

### Year ended December 31, 2023

with comparative figures for 2022

1 8	<u>2023</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
LITH ITY CEDVICEC	<b>Budget</b>	<u>Actual</u>	<b>Actual</b>
UTILITY SERVICES Operating			
• 0			
Other Segmented Revenue Fees and Charges			
Water	\$ -	_	_
Sewer	φ - -	_	-
Other	_	_	_
Total Fees and Charges	-		_
Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss)	-	-	-
Other			
Total other segmented revenue			
Conditional Grants			
Student employment	-	-	-
Other			
Total Conditional Grants			
Total Operating			
Capital			
Conditional Grants			
Canada Community-Building Fund (CCBF)	-	-	-
New Building Canada Fund (SCF, NRP)	-	-	-
Clean Water and Wastewater Fund	-	-	-
Provincial Disaster Assistance	-	-	-
Other	<del></del>		
Total Capital			
Restructuring Revenue			
Total Utility Services			
TOTAL OPERATING AND CAPITAL REVENUE BY FUNCTION	\$ <u>123,287</u>	62,813	104,771
SUMMARY			
Total Other Segmented Revenue	\$ 69,205	18,865	33,016
Total Conditional Grants	33,188	33,005	62,176
Total Capital Grants and Contributions	20,894	10,943	9,579
Restructuring Revenue			
TOTAL REVENUE BY FUNCTION	\$123,287	62,813	104,771





# TOTAL EXPENSES BY FUNCTION

### Year ended December 31, 2023

with comparative figures for 2022

	<u>2023</u> <u>Budget</u>	<u>2023</u> <u>Actual</u>	<u>2022</u> <u>Actual</u>
GENERAL GOVERNMENT SERVICES			
Council remuneration and travel	\$ 23,380	20,975	20,222
Wages and benefits	81,500	84,840	75,122
Professional/Contractual services	35,121	30,639	45,214
Utilities	5,100	4,630	4,778
Maintenance, materials, and supplies	11,200	9,062	11,690
Grants and contributions -operating -capital	- -	-	- -
Amortization	2,825	2,825	2,825
Accretion of asset retirement obligations	<del>-</del>	-	- ′
Interest	300	240	120
Allowance for uncollectibles	-	-	-
General Government Services	159,426	153,211	159,971
Restructuring		<u> </u>	
Total General Government Services	159,426	153,211	159,971
PROTECTIVE SERVICES Police protection			
Wages and benefits			
Professional/Contractual services	17,305	16,099	16,369
Utilities	17,303	10,077	10,507
Maintenance, materials, and supplies	_	_	_
Grants and contributions -operating	_	_	_
-capital	-	-	-
Amortization	-	-	-
Accretion of asset retirement obligations	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Fire protection			
Wages and benefits			-
Professional/Contractual services Utilities	7,700	7,675 -	7,675 -
Maintenance, materials, and supplies	-	-	-
Grants and contributions -operating	-	-	-
-capital	-	-	-
Amortization	-	-	-
Accretion of asset retirement obligations	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-
Other		<del>-</del>	-
Protective Services	25,005	23,774	24,044
Restructuring	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	
Total Protective Services	25,005	23,774	24,044



# TOTAL EXPENSES BY FUNCTION

### Year ended December 31, 2023

with comparative figures for 2022

			<u>2023</u> <u>Budget</u>	<u>2023</u> <u>Actual</u>	<u>2022</u> <u>Actual</u>
TRANSPORTATION SERVICE	S				
Council remuneration and trave		\$	18,500	12,487	11,809
Wages and benefits			312,000	318,550	249,191
Professional/Contractual service	es		19,300	73,612	13,120
Utilities			5,700	6,514	5,591
Maintenance, materials, and sup	oplies		359,500	331,614	270,052
Gravel			275,300	259,737	181,067
Grants and contributions	-operating		-	-	-
· · · · · · ·	-capital		-	-	-
Amortization	1		157,000	127,425	156,406
Accretion of asset retirement of	oligations		-	-	-
Interest Other			-	-	-
Transportation Services		_	1,147,300	1,129,939	887,236
-			1,147,300	1,129,939	
Restructuring		_		<del></del>	<u> </u>
<b>Total Transportation Services</b>		_	1,147,300	1,129,939	887,236
ENVIRONMENTAL AND PUBI	LIC HEALTH SERVICES				
Wages and benefits			-	- 10.744	- 10 (72
Professional/Contractual service	es		14,400	10,744	10,673
Utilities	t'		- 5.000	2.042	7.206
Maintenance, materials, and sup	-		5,000	3,842	7,396
Grants and contributions	-operating Waste disposal				
	Public health		-	-	-
	-capital		-	-	-
	Waste disposal		_	_	_
	Public health		_	-	_
Amortization	i done nearth		_	_	_
Accretion of asset retirement of	oligations		_	-	_
Interest			_	-	_
Other			-	-	_
<b>Environmental and Public Health</b>	Services	_	19,400	14,586	18,069
Restructuring			-	-	-
Total Environmental and Public	Health Services	_	19,400	14,586	18,069
PLANNING AND DEVELOPMI	ENT SERVICES				
Wages and benefits			-	-	-
Professional/Contractual service	es		-	-	-
Grants and contributions	-operating		-	-	-
	-capital		-	-	-
Amortization			-	-	-
Accretion of asset retirement of	oligations		-	-	-
Interest			-	-	-
Other		_	<u>-</u>	<del>-</del> -	
Planning and Development Service	ces		-	-	-
Restructuring		_		<u> </u>	
<b>Total Planning and Development</b>	Services	_	<u>-</u>	<del>-</del> .	



# TOTAL EXPENSES BY FUNCTION

### Year ended December 31, 2023

with comparative figures for 2022

	<u>2023</u> <u>Budget</u>	2023 Actual	<u>2022</u> <u>Actual</u>
RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES			
Wages and benefits	\$ 220	100	_
Professional/Contractual services	÷ ===	-	_
Utilities	-	-	-
Maintenance, materials, and supplies	-	-	-
Grants and contributions -operating	10,630	10,421	10,127
-capital	-	-	-
Amortization	-	-	-
Accretion of asset retirement obligations	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-
Allowance for uncollectibles	-	-	-
Other	10.050	10.501	10.107
Recreation and Cultural Services	10,850	10,521	10,127
Restructuring		<del></del>	
Total Recreation and Cultural Services	10,850	10,521	10,127
Wages and benefits Professional/Contractual services Utilities Maintenance, materials, and supplies Grants and contributions -operating -capital  Amortization Accretion of asset retirement obligations Interest Allowance for uncollectibles Other Utility Services  Restructuring Total Utility Services	- 900 5,000 - 1,500 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- 855 651 - 2,278 - - - - - - 3,784	731 3,681 - 1,441 - - 5,853
TOTAL EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION	\$ <u>1,369,381</u>	1,335,815	1,105,300



# SCHEDULE OF SEGMENT DISCLOSURE BY FUNCTION

Year ended December 31, 2023

	General Government	Protective Services	Transportation Services	Environmental & Public Health	Planning and Development	Recreation and Culture	Utility Services	Total
Revenues (Schedule 2)								
Fees and charges	\$ 5,457	-	30,062	-	-	-	-	35,519
Tangible capital asset sales - Gain (loss)	-	-	(46,906)	-	-	-	-	(46,906)
Land sales - Gain (loss)	332	-	-	-	-	-	-	332
Investment income	28,876	-	-	-	-	-	-	28,876
Commissions	1,044	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,044
Other revenues	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grants - Conditional	-	-	29,110	3,895	-	-	-	33,005
Grants - Capital	10,943	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,943
Restructurings								
Total revenues	46,652		12,266	3,895				62,813
Expenses (Schedule 3)								
Wages & Benefits	105,815	-	331,037	-	-	100	-	436,952
Professional/Contractual Services	30,639	23,774	73,612	10,744	-	-	-	138,769
Utilities	4,630	-	6,514	-	-	-	855	11,999
Maintenance, materials and supplies	9,062	-	591,351	3,842	-	-	651	604,906
Grants and contributions	-	-	-	-	-	10,421	-	10,421
Amortization	2,825	-	127,425	-	-	-	2,278	132,528
Accretion of asset retirement obligations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest	240	-	-	-	-	-	-	240
Allowance for uncollectibles	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restructurings								
Total expenses	153,211	23,774	1,129,939	14,586		10,521	3,784	1,335,815
Surplus (deficit) by function	(106,559)	(23,774)	(1,117,673)	(10,691)	-	(10,521)	(3,784)	(1,273,002)
Taxation and other unconditional revenue (Schedule 1)								1,321,923
Net surplus (deficit)							\$	48,921



# SCHEDULE OF SEGMENT DISCLOSURE BY FUNCTION

Year ended December 31, 2022

	General Government	Protective Services	Transportation Services	Environmental & Public Health	Planning and Development	Recreation and Culture	Utility Services	Total
Revenues (Schedule 2)								
Fees and charges	\$ 8,039	-	16,954	-	-	-	-	24,993
Tangible capital asset sales - Gain (loss)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Land sales - Gain (loss)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investment income	7,034	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,034
Commissions	989	-	-	-	-	-	-	989
Other revenues	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grants - Conditional	-	-	58,220	3,956	-	-	-	62,176
Grants - Capital	9,579	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,579
Restructurings								
Total revenues	25,641		75,174	3,956				104,771
Expenses (Schedule 3)								
Wages & Benefits	95,344	_	261,000	_	_	_	_	356,344
Professional/Contractual Services	45,214	24,044	13,120	10,673	_	_	_	93,051
Utilities	4,778		5,591	-	_	_	731	11,100
Maintenance, materials and supplies	11,690	_	451,119	7,396	_	_	3,681	473,886
Grants and contributions	-	_	-	-	_	10,127	-	10,127
Amortization	2,825	_	156,406	_	_	-	1,441	160,672
Accretion of asset retirement obligations	-,	_	-	_	_	_	-	-
Interest	120	_	-	_	_	_	_	120
Allowance for uncollectibles	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
Other	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
Restructurings								
Total expenses	159,971	24,044	887,236	18,069		10,127	5,853	1,105,300
Surplus (deficit) by function	(134,330)	(24,044)	(812,062)	(14,113)	-	(10,127)	(5,853)	(1,000,529)
Taxation and other unconditional revenue (Schedule 1)								1,220,799
Net surplus (deficit)							\$	220,270



# SCHEDULE OF TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS BY OBJECT

# Year ended December 31, 2023

with comparative figures for 2022

				2023					2022
			General Assets			Infrastructure Assets	General / Infrastructure		
	Land	Land Improvements	Buildings	Vehicles	Machinery & Equipment	Linear Assets	Assets Under Construction	Total	Total
Asset cost									
Opening asset costs	\$	-	211,951	73,498	1,560,840	2,962,645	-	4,808,994	4,763,820
Additions during the year	-	-	-	-	661,785	-	-	661,785	45,174
Disposals and write-downs during the year	-	-	-	-	(327,607)	-	-	(327,607)	-
Transfers (from) assets under construction	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer of assets related to restructuring (Schedule 11)		<u> </u>				<u> </u>	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>	
Closing asset costs	6		211,951	73,498	1,895,018	2,962,645		5,143,172	4,808,994
Accumulated amortization cost									
Opening accumulated amortization costs	-	-	142,721	57,707	524,984	2,298,193	-	3,023,605	2,862,933
Add: Amortization taken	-	-	4,240	3,948	64,310	60,030	-	132,528	160,672
Less: Accumulated amortization on disposals	-	-	-	-	(65,521)	-	-	(65,521)	-
Transfer of assets related to restructuring (Schedule 11)									
Closing accumulated amortization costs			146,961	61,655	523,773	2,358,223	<u> </u>	3,090,612	3,023,605
Net book value 1. Total contributed/donated assets received in			64,990 \$ -	11,843	1,371,245	604,422		2,052,560	1,785,389
List of assets recognized at nominal value i     -Infrastructure Assets     -Vehicles     -Machinery and Equipment	n 2023 are:		\$ - \$ - \$ -						
3. Amount of interest capitalized in 2023:			\$ -						



# SCHEDULE OF TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION

# Year ended December 31, 2023

with comparative figures for 2022

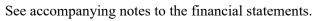
	2023						2022			
		General vernment	Protective Services	I Transportation Services	Environmental & Public Health	Planning & Development	Recreation & Culture	Water & Sewer	Total	Total
Asset cost										
Opening asset costs	\$	141,260	-	4,600,974	-	-	-	66,760	4,808,994	4,763,820
Additions during the year		-	-	661,785	-	-	-	-	661,785	45,174
Disposals and write-downs during the year		-	-	(327,607)	-	-	-	-	(327,607)	-
Transfer of assets related to restructuring (Schedule 11)		<u>-</u>								
Closing asset costs		141,260		4,935,152				66,760	5,143,172	4,808,994
Accumulated amortization cost										
Opening accumulated amortization costs		84,755	-	2,920,684	-	-	-	18,166	3,023,605	2,862,933
Add: Amortization taken		2,825	-	127,425	-	-	-	2,278	132,528	160,672
Less: Accumulated amortization on disposals	:	-	-	(65,521)	-	-	-	-	(65,521)	-
Transfer of assets related to restructuring (Schedule 11)				<u> </u>					<u> </u>	
Closing accumulated amortization costs		87,580		2,982,588				20,444	3,090,612	3,023,605
Net book value	\$	53,680	_	1,952,564			_	46,316	2,052,560	1,785,389



# SCHEDULE OF ACCUMULATED SURPLUS

### Year ended December 31, 2023

	<u>2022</u>	<b>Changes</b>	<u>2023</u>
UNAPPROPRIATED SURPLUS	\$ <u>1,990,211</u>	(218,250)	1,771,961
APPROPRIATED RESERVES			
Machinery and equipment	-	-	-
Public reserve	1,000	-	1,000
Capital trust	-	-	-
Utility	-	-	-
Other	2,700		2,700
Total Appropriated	3,700		3,700
NET INVESTMENT IN TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS			
Tangible capital assets (Schedule 6)	1,785,389	267,171	2,052,560
Less: Related debt			
Net Investment in Tangible Capital Assets	1,785,389	267,171	2,052,560
Accumulated Surplus excluding remeasurement gains (losses)	\$ <u>3,779,300</u>	48,921	3,828,221





# SCHEDULE OF MILL RATES AND ASSESSMENTS

Year ended December 31, 2023

			PROPERT	Y CLASS			_
	<u>Agriculture</u>	Residential	Residential Condominium	Seasonal <u>Residential</u>	Commercial & <u>Industrial</u>	Potash Mine(s)	<u>Total</u>
<b>Taxable Assessment</b>	\$ 135,431,790	3,532,060	-	-	1,111,185	-	140,075,035
Regional Park Assessment							<u> </u>
<b>Total Assessment</b>							140,075,035
Mill Rate Factor(s)	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000		
Total Base/Minimum Tax (generated for each property class)	_	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>	.		-
Total Municipal Tax Levy (include base and/or minimum tax and special levies)	\$1,056,368	27,550	<u> </u>		8,667		1,092,585

MILL RATES:	<b>MILLS</b>
Average Municipal*	7.800
Average School*	1.489
Potash Mill Rate	-
Uniform Municipal Mill Rate	7.800

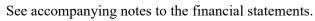
<sup>\*</sup> Average Mill Rates (multiply the total tax levy for each taxing authority by 1000 and divide by the total assessment for the taxing authority)



# SCHEDULE OF COUNCIL REMUNERATION

Year ended December 31, 2023 with comparative figures for 2022

Position	Name	<u>Ren</u>	<u>nuneration</u>	Reimbursed <u>Costs</u>	<u>Total</u>
Reeve	Barkley Prpick	\$	3,400	1,666	5,066
Councillor	Brad Evans		3,450	1,304	4,754
Councillor	Logan Kadlec		3,100	738	3,838
Councillor	Michael Prpich		3,100	393	3,493
Councillor	Clint Hadiuk		4,000	1,608	5,608
Councillor	Scot Westman		3,800	1,037	4,837
Councillor	Velon Herback		3,500	672	4,172
Total		\$	24,350	7,418	31,768





### SCHEDULE OF RESTRUCTURING

### Year ended December 31, 2023

# Carrying Amount of Assets and Liabilities Transferred/Received at Restructuring Date

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -
Investments	-
Taxes receivable - Municipal	-
Other accounts receivable	-
Assets held for sale	-
Long-term receivables	-
Debt charges recoverable	-
Bank indebtedness	-
Accounts payable	-
Accrued liabilities payable	-
Deposits	-
Deferred revenue	-
Asset retirement obligations	-
Liability for contaminated sites	-
Other liabilities	-
Long-term debt	-
Lease obligations	-
Tangible capital assets	-
Prepayments and deferred charges	-
Stock and supplies	-
Other	
Total Net Carrying Amount Received (Transferred)	\$ _

